second intersection of the 800-foot contour line and the pipeline in section 1, T23/R5W (Scotts Valley Quadrangle); then

(6) Proceed 5.75 miles southwesterly along the pipeline, cross Wilson Creek in section 24, T23S/R5W, return to the Yoncalla map in section 26, T23S/R5W, and continue southwesterly along the pipeline to the point of beginning at the intersection of the pipeline intersection and the T23S/T24S township line in section 35, T23S/R5W (Yoncalla Quadrangle).

[T.D. TTB-35, 70 FR 60001, Oct. 14, 2005]

## §9.191 Ramona Valley.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Ramona Valley". For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, "Ramona Valley" is a term of viticultural significance.
- (b) Approved Maps. The two United States Geological Survey 1:100,000 scale topographic (30  $\times$  60 Minute Quadrangle) maps used to determine the boundaries of the Ramona Valley viticultural area are titled—
- (1) Borrego Valley, California, 1982 edition; and
  - (2) El Cajon, California, 1979 edition.
- (c) Boundary. The Ramona Valley viticultural area is located in central San Diego County, California. The area's boundaries are defined as follows—
- (1) Beginning in the southwest corner of the Borrego Valley map at the 882-meter (2,894-foot) peak of Woodson Mountain, T13S, R1W, proceed straight north-northwest approximately 3.25 miles to the 652-meter (2,140-foot) peak of Starvation Mountain, T13S, R1W (Borrego Valley map); then
- (2) Proceed straight east-northeast approximately 12.5 miles to the Gaging Station on the northwest shoreline of Sutherland Lake, T12S, R2E (Borrego Valley map); then
- (3) Proceed straight southeast approximately 4.4 miles to the 999-meter (3,278-foot) peak of Witch Creek Mountain, T13S, R2E, east of Ballena Valley (Borrego Valley map); then
- (4) Proceed straight south-southeasterly approximately 6.6 miles, crossing onto the El Cajon map, to the summit of Eagle Peak (3,166 feet), T14S, R3E,

northeast of the El Capitan Reservoir (El Cajon map); then

- (5) Proceed straight west-southwest approximately 12.7 miles, passing through Barona Valley, to the peak (1,002 feet) near the center of the unnamed island in the San Vicente Reservoir, T14S, R1E (El Cajon map); then
- (6) Proceed straight northwesterly approximately 3.9 miles to the 822-meter (2,697-foot) peak of Iron Mountain, T14S, R1W (El Cajon map); and
- (7) Proceed straight north-northwest approximately 2.8 miles, crossing onto the Borrego Valley map, and return to the beginning point at the peak of Woodson Mountain.

[T.D. TTB-39, 70 FR 72719, Dec. 7, 2005]

## § 9.192 Wahluke Slope.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Wahluke Slope". For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, "Wahluke Slope" and "Wahluke" are terms of viticultural significance.

(b) Approved Maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Wahluke Slope viticultural area are eight United States Geological Survey 1:24,000 scale topographic maps. They are titled:

(1) Beverly Quadrangle, Washington, 1965:

(2) Beverly SE Quadrangle, Washington—Grant Co., 1965;

- (3) Smyrna Quadrangle, Washington—Grant Co., Provisional Edition
- (4) Wahatis Peak Quadrangle, Washington—Grant Co., Provisional Edition 1986;
- (5) Coyote Rapids Quadrangle, Washington, Provisional Edition 1986;
- (6) Vernita Bridge Quadrangle, Washington, Provisional Edition 1986;
- (7) Priest Rapids NE Quadrangle, Washington, Provisional Edition 1986; and
- (8) Priest Rapids Quadrangle, Washington, 1948; photo revised 1978.
- (c) Boundary. The Wahluke Slope viticultural area is located in Grant County, Washington. The boundary of the Wahluke Slope viticultural area is as described below:
- (1) The beginning point is at the northwest corner of the viticultural